# Ali CMB Polarization Telescope

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# Outline

- > Brief introduction for AliCPT
- > Site
- instrument
- > AliCPT-1 science and data analysis
- > summary

# **Ali CMB Polarization Telescope**

- A ground based CMB polarization telescope
- B mode science: BB,TB, EB measurements -> r,  $\alpha$  ...



- <u>AliCPT-1: on going project</u>
  - Proposed in 2014, and launched in 2016.
  - 2016  $\sim$  2021
  - A small aperture Telescope@5250m, 95&150 GHz, 4 modules: ~ 7000 dets

- <u>AliCPT-2: planning in progress</u>
  - 2021  $\sim$
  - 19 modules in AliCPT-1
  - +/? large aperture Telescopes@more frequencies...
  - r, non-r science, e.g. neutrinos, Dark energy ...



## AliCPT-1 collaboration

- Led by the IHEP, the international cooperation includes: about 100 scientists from China, US, Europe.
- Funded already by the CAS, NSF of China.
- Executive board: Xinmin Zhang, Chao-Lin Kuo, Fang-jun Lu





#### AliCPT-1 Work Breakdown and schedule





#### AliCPT-1 schedule :

- Mar. 2017, Start site construction
- Nov. 2018, Review and accept the building
- Dec. 2019, Finish Mount development, ship to B1 site and start commissioning
- Dec. 2020, B1 deployment and first light
- 2021-2022, Accumulate data and achieve CMB polarization map





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### AliCPT-1 site

#### Located on a hilltop B1 (32°18′38″ N, 80°01′50″ E),

in the Ngari(Ali) Prefecture of Tibet,



at an altitude of 5250 meters.

- The Himalayas is to its southwest and runs from northwest to southeast, separating the Ngari(Ali) prefecture from the Indian Ocean.
- AliCPT-1 (B1, 5250m) is only about 1.5 km to the current well-developed A1 station (5100m) of the Ali observatory.



It is only 30
km far from
the AliCPT site.



#### Current status of site @ 5250 m

#### **Review and Accepted in 2018.11**



See Yong-Jie's talk





#### **CMB** observations on earth



Ali: one of the most excellent sites for CMB observation on earth



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#### Current status of mount



#### Azimuth:

1.16	Range	±270 deg
	Angular speed	5 deg/s
•	Angular acceleration	5 deg/s <sup>2</sup>
Elevat	ion:	
	Range	45-135 deg
٠	Angular speed	>1 deg/s
•	Angular acceleration	1 deg/s <sup>2</sup>
Boresi	ght (Theta):	

•	Range	0-181 deg
•	Precision	15″
•	Angular speed	>2 deg/s
•	Angular acceleration	1 deg/s <sup>2</sup>

- ✓ Being tested in factory now
- Will be shipped to site by end of 2019

#### See Cong-zhan's talk







## **Current status of receiver**



✓ Optical system: finished design and under fab.

- ✓ TES detectors: finished the detailed design.
- ✓ Multiplexing readout system: finished the detailed design.

Cryostat: under fab soon

#### See Maria's talk

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	AliCPT-1
Frequency	95/150GHz
Aperture	72cm
F factor	f/1.4
Number of detectors	~ 6816

(IHEP /Stanford)

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#### Simulation and Data analysis pipeline

IHEP, together with APC, SJTU, USTC, BNU and NTU, have established AliCPT-1 Science and Data Analysis team.

- Hong Li
  - Leader of science team
- Jacques Delabrouille (APC)
  - Senior advisor
- ▶ IHEP (Si-yu Li, Yang Liu, Hua Zhai, Zirui Zhang)
  - Architecture
  - Integration
  - I/O Management
  - General algorithm investigation
  - Map-making
  - Bandpass mismatch simulation
  - Beam systematic simulation
  - De-projection

- NTU (Yu-han Tseng)
  - Scan strategy
  - Jack-knife solution
- SJTU (Le Zhang, Jian Yao, Zeyang Sun, Larissa Salatino, Ji Yao, Peng-Jie Zhang )
  - Components separation algorithm investigation
  - Components separation on B-mode
  - CMB x LSS cross correlation
- USTC (Wen Zhao, Shamik Ghosh, Jiming Chen)
  - E/B decomposition
  - Power estimation
- BNU (Bin Hu, Jinyi Liu)

CMB lensing reconstruction

... Science, early universe, models

2020.5: integration and testing

#### Simulation and Data analysis pipeline

- > AliCPT-1 end to end simulation: noise, systematic
- Scan strategy: hit-maps
- Data analysis pipeline: data selection, pointing, deprojection, map making...



## Preliminary concern on Scan strategy

#### • Characteristics of observation in Ali

- Sky move fast: helpful for large sky coverage, but not easy to focus within one small patch.
- "clean" area in north, also in south: helpful for going deep in north, also provide complementary for exiting southern sky observations.





simulation results, Preliminary

### Preliminary results of Scan strategy

- Concern on scan strategy
  - Fast scan.
  - Maximize observing efficiency.
  - Large elevation angle and long duration (detector/ground/atmosphere/sky noise).
  - Cross-linking: systematics control and efficiency
  - Uniform coverage / Redundancy.



### Simulation: sensitivity

#### AliCPT-1 is designed to have its first light in the winter of 2020



PLANCK 100 GHz & 143 GHz Pol ~50 uK arcmin in total AliCPT 95 GHz & 150 GHz & Total 4 modules 1 season, median map-depth 14 uK arcmin

- Probing the primordial gravitational waves (PGWs) with **BB** spectra.
- Measuring the rotation angle, testing CPT symmetry with TB and EB spectra.
- Investigating the CMB polarization hemispherical asymmetry.
- Studying the cross-correlation between AliCPT and DESI.
- Studying the galactic foreground.

#### **Preliminary results from simulation**







Simulation: r sensitivity

## **Cosmological study with AliCPT-1**

• Cross correlate with DESI

• Scan galaxy: signals for foreground







# Summary

- AliCPT-1 target and time schedule:
  - 2014: project proposed
  - 2016: supported from CAS and NSFC
  - 2017 2018: site construction
  - 2019:
    - Mount: commissioning before the end of 2019
    - cryostat: delivery Dec. 2019
  - 2020:
    - B1deployment and first light
    - data analysis pipeline: test from 2020.5
  - 2021 ~ 2022: Observation and data analysis
- Future plan: AliCPT-2

# Thank you !